# DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE MA SYLLABUS

Paper Code No.	Papers	Core/	Credits	Marks
POL-PG-C101	Dolitical Theory	Open Core	4	100
	Political Theory			
POL-PG-C102	International Relations	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C103	Principles of Public Administration with	Core	4	100
	Special References to India			
POL-PG-C104	Indian Constitution and Government	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C201	Modern Political Thought	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C202	Issues in Political Economy of India	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C203	Democracy and Federalism	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C204	Political Sociology of India	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C301	Comparative Political Analysis	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C302	Research Methods in Political Science	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C303	India's Foreign Policy	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C304	Governance and Environment	Core	4	100
POL-PG-C401	Dissertation and Viva Voce	Core	4	100
International Relations				
POL-PG-O402	Government and Politics of South Asia	Open	4	100
POL-PG-O403	Introduction to International Political	Open	4	100
	Economy			
POL-PG-O404	Introduction to Issues in Human Rights	Open	4	100
State and Politics in India				
POL-PG-O405	Democratic Politics in India: Issues and	Open	4	100
	Dynamics			
POL-PG-O406	Government and Politics in Sikkim	Open	4	100
POL-PG-O407	Social and Political Movements in India	Open	4	100

## **POL-PG-C101: Political Theory (Core)**

#### **Unit I: Political Theory**

What is Theory? What is Political? Nature and significance of Political Theory, Decline of Political Theory, Why Do We Need Political Theory?

#### **Unit II: Positivism**

Logical Positivism, Behaviouralism, Hermeneutics, Political Economy, Historical Materialism, Structuralism, Poststructuralism, Deconstruction.

#### **Unit III: Liberty**

Introduction and Meaning, Evolution of the Concept, Negative and Positive Liberty, Marxist Concept of Freedom. Equality: Introduction and Meaning, Evolution of the Concept, Conflict between Liberty and Equality, Debate of Reverse Discrimination. Rights: Ideas and Theories of Rights, Political, Social, and Economic Rights. Justice: Conceptions of Justice: Conceptions of Justice: Rawls and Nozick, Marxist Perspective, Communitarian and Feminist Critique, Justice, Capabilities and Freedom, Amartya Sen and Martha Nussbaum, Ideas of Social Justice, Dalit and Bahujan, Gandhi and Phule

#### **Unit IV: Nation**

Nation-State, Citizenship and Civil Society: Meaning and Definition, Historical developments, Theories of Citizenship: Liberal, Libertarian, Communitarian, Marxist, Pluralist theories, Feminist and Subaltern Critique. Civil Society and Democracy, Civil Society in the Post-Colonial Context

- Berlin, Isaiah. Four Essays on Concepts of Liberty, (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1969).
- Bhargava, Rajiv. and Ashok Acharya (eds.) Political Theory: An Introduction, (New Delhi: Pearson, 2008).
- Dworkin, Ronald, *Taking Rights Seriously*, (London: Duckworth, 1978).
- Gaus, Gerald F. and Chandran Kukathas (eds.) *Handbook of Political Theory*, (New Delhi: Sage, 2004).
- Goodin, Robert E. and Hans-Dieter Klingemann (eds.) *A New Handbook of Political Science*, (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1996).
- Goodin, Robert E. and Philip Pettit (eds.) *Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Anthology*, (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1993).
- Goodin, Robert E. and Philip Pettit (eds.) *Contemporary Political Philosophy*, (Oxford: Blackwell Publishers, 1997).
- Gutman, Amy. (ed.) *Multiculturalism: Examining the Politics of Recognition*, (Princeton N.J: Princeton University Press, 1994).
- Hampton, Jean. Political Philosophy: An Introduction, (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1998).
- Harrison, Ross. Democracy, (London: Routledge, 1993).

• Miller, David. and Larry Siedentop (eds.), *The Nature of Political Theory*, (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1983).

## **POL-PG-C102: International Relations (Core)**

## **Unit I: Concepts**

State, Sovereignty; Power/Hegemony National interest; Security, Anarchy Civil Society; Identity; Cosmopolitanism

## **Unit II: Theories and Approaches**

Classical-Scientific Idealist-Realist Neoliberal-Neorealist Feminist Post Modernist

#### **Unit III: Actors in International Relations**

State

**International System** 

Non-State actors: Transnational Corporations, Multilateral Agencies, International NGOs.

## **Unit IV: Contemporary Issues in International Relations**

Changing Nature of war & Conflict, Conflict Resolution, Arms trade, cyber warfare, Terrorism, Human Rights

- Baldwin, David, ed., Neorealism and Neoliberalism: The Contemporary Debate (New York: Columbia University Press, 1993).
- Baylis, John and Steve Smith, (eds.) *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. 3rd ed., (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2005).
- Burchill, Scott et al, *Theories of International Relations* 2nd. (ed.), (London: Palgrave, 2001).
- Carr, E.H., *The Twenty Years' Crisis, 1919-1939: An Introduction to the Study of International Relations*, 2nd ed. (New York: Harper & Row, 1946).
- Clarke, Ian. Globalization and International Relations Theory, (Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1999).
- Dougherty, James E. and Robert L. Pfaltzgraff, Jr. *Contending Theories of International Relations*, fourth edition, (Longman, 1997).
- Ken, Booth, and Steve Smith (eds) *International Relations Theory Today*, (Oxford: Polity Press, 1995).
- Morgentha, H. J *Politics Among Nations* (New York: Alfred Knopf, 1951-78), Part I.
- Nye, Joseph, *Understanding International Conflicts: An Introduction to Theory and History*, 6th ed., (Longman, 2006).
- Sylvester, Christine, *Feminist Theory and International Relations in a Postmodern Era*, (Cambridge University Press, 1994).

#### **POL-PG-C103:**

## **Principles of Public Administration with special references to India (Core)**

#### **Unit I: Introduction**

Definition, Nature, Scope and Significance of Public Administration, Difference between private and public administration, Public administration in developed and developing countries.

## **Unit II: Organisation: Theories, Principles & Structure**

- A) Theories of Organisation: Classical, Scientific Management, Human Relations, Formal Organisational Theory, Bureaucratic Theory.
- B) Principles of Organisation: Hierarchy, Unity of Command, Authority and Responsibility, Coordination, Span of Control, Integration versus Disintegration, Centralisation versus Decentralisation, Delegation and Devolution
- C) Structure of Organization: Types and Functions, Line, Staff and Auxiliary Agencies, Departments and Public Undertakings, Boards and Commissions

#### **Unit III: Personnel Administration and Financial Administration**

- **A) Personnel Administration:** Bureaucracy: Meaning and Types, Civil Services in India: Recruitment, Training and Promotion of Public Personnel; Generalists and Specialists: The Changing Relationship; Public Service Commissions: Union and State
- **B)** Financial Administration: Basic Concepts: Meaning and Scope; Budget and types of Budget: Performance budgeting and Zero-based budgeting; Budgetary Processes in India; Centre-State Financial Relations; Comptroller and Auditor General, Finance Commission.

#### **Unit IV: Public Policy**

Meaning and significance, Features and Types, Public Policy Implementation (role of Legislature, Executive and Judiciary); Policy Evaluation; Panchayati Raj in India, RTI, MGNREGA.

- Ashraf and Mishra, *Public Administration: A New Paradigm*, (New Delhi: Caplan, 1966).
- Avasthi and Maheswari, *Public Administration*, (Agra: Lakshmi Narain Aggrawal, 1962).
- Bats K Dey, *Personnel Administration in India: Retrospective Issues, Prospective Thoughts*, (New Delhi: Uppal, 1991).
- Cox, Raymond W., Susan Buck and Betty Morgan. *Public Administration in Theory and Practice*. (Pearson Education, 2005).
- Henry, Nicholas. Public Administration and Public Affairs. 12th edition, (New Delhi, PHI. 2012).
- Nigro Felix & G. Lyodl Nigro, Modern Public Administration, (New York: Harper and Row, 1965).
- Perry, James, *Handbook of Public Administration*, (Jossey-Bass: San Fransisco, 1990).
- Singh, Hoshiar and Pardeep Sachdeva, *Public Administration: Theory and Practice*, (New Delhi: Pearson, 2012)
- Tyagi, R. *Public Administration: Principles and Practices*, (Atma Ram & Son, 2004).

• Wilson, James Q. Bureaucracy: What governments do and why they do it, (Basic Book: New York, 1991).

## **POL-PG-C104: Indian Constitution and Government (Core)**

#### **Unit I: Constitutionalism and Democracy**

Making of the Indian Constitution, (Evolution of Constitutional Government under the Raj), Government of India Acts 1919, 1935, 1947, Constitutional Assembly Debates and its Vision for Free India

## **Unit II: The Philosophy of the Indian Constitution**

Preamble, Fundamental Rights, Directive Principle of State Policy, Creative Tensions between the two, Consociational and Multicultural Interpretation of Indian Constitution, Secularism and Multiculturalism

## Unit III: Offices of the President, Prime Minister, Speaker, Cabinet Government, Chief Election Commissioner and Governor

Parliament: Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, Speaker, parliamentary procedures, committees, Budget session, conventions and privileges

## **Unit IV: The Judiciary**

The Supreme Court and High Courts, Judicial Independence, Judicial review and Activism, Basic Structure Judgements.

Federalism in India: Centre-State legislative, Political Economy of Federalism, Finance Commission, National Development Council, Inter-State Council, Areas of conflict between centre and states, Federalism and Regional Parties

#### **Select Readings:**

- Arora, Balveer and Douglas Verney, V. (eds), *Multiple Identities in a Single State: Indian Federalism in Comparative Perspective*, (Delhi: Konark, 1995).
- Austin, Granville, *Working of a Democratic Constitution*, (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2000).
- Austin, Granville. *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*, (Oxford University Press, 1999).
- Basu, D. D, An Introduction to the Indian Constitution, (Nagpur: Wadhwa, 2001).
- Baxi. Upendra, *The Crisis of the Indian Legal System*, (New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House, 1982).
- Khosla, Madhav. *The Constitution of India*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2012).
- Kothari, Rajni, State against Democracy: In Search of Humane Governance, (Delhi: Ajanta, 1990).
- Manor, James (ed), Nehru to the Nineties: The Changing Office of the Prime Minister in India, (Delhi: Viking, 1994).

## **POL-PG-C2O1:** Modern Political Thought (Core)

#### **Unit I: Western Political Thought**

Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, J. S. Mill, Hegel, Marx

## **Unit II: Contemporary Political Thought**

Lenin, Althusser, Mao, Gramsci, Rawls, Nozicks

#### **Unit III: Social Reformers**

Raja Ram Mohan Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Vivekanada, Tilak, Aurobindo, Golwalkar, M. M. Malvia

#### **Unit IV: Nation, Nationalism and its Contestations**

Sir Syed Ahmed, Iqbal, Jinnah, Jyotiba Phule, Ambedkar, Gandhi, Nehru, Lohia, Jayaprakash Narayan, M. N. Roy, Periyar

## **Select Readings:**

- Barker, E. *The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle*, (New York: 1959).
- Boucher, David & Kelly, Paul (eds). *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*, (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003).
- Chakrabarty, Bidyut. *Modern Indian Political Thought: Text and Context*, (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2010).
- Laski, Harold J. *Political Thought from Locke to Bentham*, (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1920).
- Levine, Andrew, *Engaging Political Philosophy: From Hobbes to Rawls*, (Massachusetts: Blackwell, 2002).
- Mehta, V. R. & Thomas Pantham, *Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations*, (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2006).
- Monk, Iain Hampsher, *A History of Modern Political Thought*, (Oxford: Blackwell, 1997).
- Nelson, Brian R. Western Political thought, (Delhi: Pearson Education, 2009).
- Sabine, G.H., *A History of Political Theories*, (New Delhi: Oxford & IBH Publishing House, 1973).
- Verma, V. P., *Modern Indian Political Thought*, (Agra, 1971).

#### **POL-PG-C202: Issues in Political Economy of India (Core)**

#### **Unit I: Political Economy**

Political Economy as a Method, Historical Roots of Planning, Redistribution.

## **Unit II: Agriculture**

Agrarian Reforms, New Agricultural Strategy, Terms of Trade, Debate between Agriculture and Industry, Farmers Movements, Rural Indebtedness & landlessness, impact of New Economic policy.

#### **Unit III: Industry**

State-centered Industrialisation, Public Sector, License permit Raj, New Industrial policy, Corporate Sector, Impact on Labour.

## **Unit IV: Concerns, inequalities and movements**

Regional Inequality, Regional Assertion, Advises, Dalits, Women, Environment, Displacement, Food Security, Water Resources.

## **Select Readings:**

- Brass, Paul R., *The Politics of India Since Independence*, (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1992).
- Byres, Terence, J., (ed), *The State and Development Planning in India*, (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1994).
- Chatterjee, Partha, *A Possible India: Essays in Political Criticism*, (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.
- Das, Arvind N., *India Invented: A Nation in the Making*, (New Delhi: Manohar Publishers, 1994).
- Dutt, R.C., *Lectures on Political Economy*, (Orient Longman).
- Frankel, Francine. R., *India's Political Economy: 1947 1977: The Gradual Revolution*, (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1978).
- Khilnani, Sunil, *The Idea of India*, (London: Hanush Hamilton, 1997).
- Kohli, Atul, *Democracy and Disconent: India's Growing Crisis of Governability*, (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1990).
- Nayyar, Deepak, Economic Liberalisation in India: Analytics, Experience and Lessons, 1996.
- Rudolph, L.1 & S.H., *In Pursuit of Lakshmi: The Political Economy of the Indian State*, (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1987).

## **POL-PG-C203: Democracy and Federalism (Core)**

#### **Unit I: The Idea of Democracy**

Liberal and Socialist Democracy: Protective and Developmental Models.

Representative and Participatory Democracy.

## **Unit II: Realist Arguments**

Competitive and Elitist Model, Limited Democracy

Leaders and Politics as a Vocation, Issues of Democracy: Feminism, Corporatism. Protest Movements.

## **Unit III: Democracy in Developing Societies**

Transitions Stability Consolidation, Governability, Capitalism and Democracy: Inequality and Democracy.

#### **Unit IV: Gandhian Democracy**

Decentralisation, Village Swaraj, Political Parties.

## **Select Readings:**

- Bobbio, N., *The Future of Democracy*, (Minnesota: University of Minnesota Press, 1987).
- Bowles, S & Gintis, Capitalism and Democracy: Property, Community and the Contradictions of Modern Social Thought, (London: Routledge: Kegan and Paul, 1986).
- Diamond L. & J. Linz, (ed.), *Democracy in Asia*, 3 Vols, (London: Boulder Press, 1989).
- Held, D., *Models of Democracy*, (Stanford: Stanford University Press, 1996).
- Iyer, Raghavan, *The Moral and Political Writings of Gandhi*, (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1987).
- Machperson, CB, The Life and Times of Liberal Democracy, (London: Oxford University Press, 1977).
- Marks, G. & L. Diamond, Re-examining Democracy: Essays in Honour of Seymour Martin Lipset, (London: Sage Publications, 1992).
- Mouffe, C, (ed.), *Dimensions of Radical Democracy: Pluralism, Citizenship, Community*, (London: Verso, 1992).
- Parekh, Bhikhu, *Gandhi's Political Philosophy: A Critical Examination*, (London: Macmillan, 1989).
- Pennock, J.R, *Democratic Theory*, (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1979).

## POL-PG- C204: Political Sociology of India (Core)

#### **Unit I: Introduction**

Nature and scope of Political Sociology: Approaches to the study of Politics. Political systems and other social systems.

#### **Unit II: Civil Society and Citizenship**

Relation of Civil Society to state. Citizenship as a characteristic of civil society. How citizenship is acquired and denied. Religion Ethnicity and Politics: Commission and Secularism Ethnolinguist. Language discourse as a political (Power) discourse. Ethnic assertion and National Unity.

#### **Unit III: Power and Authority and Gender**

Power and Authority as separate but interlinked concepts. Forms and kinds of power and authority. Role of power and Authority in social change. Role of conflict and consensus in politics, society and social change. Gender and Politics.

#### **Unit IV: Political Culture and National Building**

Political culture and its role in defining a nation. Factors/Agents facilitating and/or hindering nation building (including role of cinema, literature, museum, maps history etc). Globalisation and its impact on Indian nation/culture.

- Baxi, Upendra & Bhikhu Parekh, (eds.), Crisis and Change in Contemporary India, (New Delhi: Sage, 1995).
- Brass, Paul R., *The Politics of India since Independence*, (Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1994).
- Calhoun, Craig, *Nationalism*, (Buckhingham: Open University, 1997).
- Chatterjee, Partha, *The Nation and its Fragment*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1993).
- Chatterjee, Partha, (ed.), *State and Politics in India*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997).
- Guiberrnau, Montserrat, *The Nation State and Nationalism in the 20th Century*, (London: Polity Press, 1996).
- Gupta, Dipankar, *Social Stratification*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1996).
- Kaviraj, Sudipta, State and Politics in India, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997).
- Sharma, K. L., *Social Stratification in India: Issues and Themes*, (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 1998).
- Sudipta, Sudipta & Sunil Khilnani, *Civil Society: Histories and Possibilities*, (London: Cambridge University Press, 2001).

## **POL-PG-C301:** Comparative Political Analysis (Core)

## **Unit I: Comparative Methods and Approaches**

- a. Comparative Method: An overview of the field of Comparative Political Analysis
- b. Approaches to Comparative Political Analysis
  - i. Formal Institutional
  - ii. Political Systems and Structural Functional Approach
  - iii. New Institutionalism
  - iv. Political Economy
  - v. State-Society Approach

#### **Unit II: Theories of the State**

- a. Development of Modern States in Europe and Non-European Societies
- b. State and Social Classes in
  - i. Capitalist
  - ii. Socialist
  - iii. Post-Colonial Societies

#### **Unit III: Development Theories**

- a. Theories of Modernisation
- b. Underdevelopment
- c. Dependency
- d. World System
- e. Post Development

## **Unit IV: Colonialism, Nationalism and Movements**

Colonialism and Colonial State: Effects of Colonialism on the economic, social, political, and cultural spheres of region;

## **Select Readings:**

- Alavi, Hamza and Teodor Shanineds. *Introduction to the Sociology of 'Developing Societies* (London and Basingstoke: Macmillan, 1982).
- Anderson, Benedict. Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Origin and Spread of Nationalism (London: Verso, 1991).
- Chatterjee, Partha *Nation and its Fragments* (New Delhi: Oxford, 1994).
- Chilcote, Ronald H. *Theories of Comparative Politics*, (Boulder: Westview Press, 1994).
- Dogan, Mattei and Ali Kazancigili (eds.), Comparing Nations, Concepts, Strategies, Substance (Oxford: Blackwell, 1994).
- Limqueco, Peter and Bruce McFarlane, *Neo-Marxist Theories of Development* (London: Croom Helm and St. Martin Press, 1983).
- Mertes, Tom (ed.), A Movement of Movements: Is Another World Really Possible? (London: Verso, 2004).
- Munck Gerado L. and Richard Snyder, *Passion, Craft and Method in Comparative Politics* (The John Hopkins University Press, 2008).
- Sachs, Wolfgang (eds), *The Development Dictionary*, (Delhi: Orient Longman, 1997).
- Wiarda, Howard J. (ed.), *Comparative Politics*, Vol. I-V (Routledge, 2005).

#### **POL-PG-C302:** Research Methods in Political Science (Core)

## Unit I: Foundations of Political Science Research, Language of Research

Philosophy of Research, Ethics in Research and Purposes of Political Science Research.

## **Unit II: Approaches to Research**

Positivist, Interpretive, Constructivist, Critical, Feminist and Post Modern Approaches.

## **Unit III: Statistics in Political Science**

Data and data collection, sampling and basics of statistical testing, operationalisation and measurement, linking data with concepts and units, data analysis, basics of SPSS.

## **Unit IV: Research Design**

Qualitative and Quantitative orientations towards research Transforming concepts into units of measurement Issues in Qualitative and Quantitative Designs

- Ahuja, Ram. *Research Methods*. (Jaipur: Rawat, 2003).
- Cresswell, John W., Research Design. Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Methods approaches. (Sage, 2005).
- David, McNabb. Research Methods for Political Science: Quantitative and Qualitative Methods. (New Delhi: Prentice Hall, 2004).
- Jain, Gopal, *Methods Tools and Techniques*. (Jaipur: Mangal Deep Publications, 1998).

- Krishnaswami, O.R., *Methodology of Research in Social Sciences*. (Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House).
- Pennings, Paul, Hans Keman and Jan Kleinnijenhuis, *Doing Research in Political Science*, (New Delhi: Sage, 2006).
- Punch, Keith. *Introduction to Social Research: Quantitative and Qualitative Approaches*. (Sage, 2005).
- Uwe Flick (ed) *The Sage Qualitative Research Kit* (8 vol) 2007.
- Verma, S. Research Methodology in Political Science: Theory & Analysis. (Jaipur: Rawat, 1989).
- Wagner, William E. *Using SPSS for Social Sciences and Research Methods*. (Sage 2006).

## **POL-PG-C303: India's Foreign Policy (Core)**

## **Unit I: Making of India's Foreign Policy**

Institutions, Structure, Processes, and Doctrinal Aspects; Determinants (domestic and international)

## Unit II: India as an Emerging Power

India and the Major Powers: India US; India-USSR

India and the Neighbourhood, India Pakistan; India Bangladesh

India and UN: United Nations - UN Reforms, Peace Keeping Missions

## **Unit III: India's Foreign Policy**

Economic and Socio-Cultural Dimensions

Structural Adjustment Programme and India

India and International Economic Institutions - World Bank, IMF and WTO

India and the Regional Cooperation/Integration

Transnational Cultural Linkages

Indian Diaspora as Foreign policy's leverage

Culture, Media, Films, Literature and Sports

## **Unit IV: Emerging Challenges in India's Foreign Policy**

Energy Security

Immigration/migration

Terrorism

Climate Change

- Bandopadhyaya, Jayantanuja, The Making of India's Foreign Policy (Calcutta: Allied Publishers, 2003).
- Dasgupta, Biplab, *Globalisation: India's Adjustment Experiences* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2005).
- Dixit, J. N. *India's Foreign Policy Challenge of Terrorism: Fashioning New Interstate Equations* (New Delhi: Gyan, 2002).

- Harshe, Rajen and K.M. Sethi (eds.), *Engaging with the World: Critical Reflections on India's Foreign Policy* (Hyderabad: Orient Longman, 2005).
- Kapur, Harish, India's Foreign Policy Shadows and Substance (New Delhi: Sage, 1994).
- Kapur, A. and A J. Wilson *The Foreign Policy of India and her Neighbour*, (Macmillan, London, 1996).
- Mansingh, Lalit et al, eds., *Indian Foreign Policy: Agenda for the 21st Century*, Vol.1 and 2 (New Delhi: Foreign Services Institute with Konark, 1998).
- Muni, S.D. and Girijesh Pant. *India's Search for Energy Security: Prospects for Cooperation with Extended Neighbourhood*. (New Delhi: Rupa, 2005).
- Stephen P. Cohen, *India Emerging Power* (New Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2002).
- Vinayak, Achin. India in a Changing World: Problems, Limits and Successes of its Foreign Policy, 1995.

## **POL-PG-C304:** Governance and Environment (Core)

#### **Unit I: Governance**

Concepts and Theories

Elements of Governance: (Authority, Rule of Law, Transparency and Compliance)

Levels of Governance-(Local, Regional and National)

Types of Governance-(Corporate Governance, Participatory Governance, E-Governance)

## Unit II: Sustainable Development and Environmental Governance

Global Environmental Governance - Regimes and Institutions

National Policies on Environment - Urban Policy, National Forest Policies

## **Unit III: Development and Environment in the Mountain Areas**

Issues of development and environment in North Eastern region with emphasis on Sikkim Urban Environmental Governance in Sikkim-Sanitation & Water Management, Transport Management, Pollution, Community Participation in Waste Management, JNNURM

#### **Unit IV: Environmental Justice and Environmentalism**

**Environmental Movements** 

Civil Society Initiatives

Indigenous Peoples and Bio Resources (Traditional Knowledge and IPR)

- Arts, The Political Influence of Global NGOs. Case Studies on the Climate and Biodiversity Conventions. (Utrecht: International Books, 1998).
- Chandoke, Neera. *Civil Society and State*, (New Delhi: Sage, 1995).
- Keck, Margaret E & Kathryn Sikkink Activist beyond Borders: Advocacy Network in International Politics (Cornell University Press, 1998).
- Kooiman, J. (ed) *Modern Governance, New Government-Society Interactions*, (London: Sage, 1993).

- Madhav Gadgil, Ramachandra Guha, *Ecology and Equity: The Use and Abuse of Nature in Contemporary India*, (Routledge, 1995).
- Nanda, Ved P. "The "Good Governance" Concept Revisited", (*The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science 2006*).
- Potter, D. (ed.) NGOs and Environmental Policies: Asia and Africa, (London: Frank Class).
- Susan J. Buck, *The Global Commons: An Introduction*, (Island Press 1998).
- WCED (World Commission on Environment and Development), *Our Common Future*. (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 1987).

#### **POL-PG-C401: Dissertation and Viva Voce (Core)**

#### SPECIALISATION: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

## **POL-PG-O402:** Government and Politics of South Asia (Optional)

#### **Unit I: Land and its People**

Geo-Political Setting, diversities of race, language & region, natural and human resources.

## **Unit II: Political Systems**

Monarchy, Presidential, Parliamentary, Evolution and growth of Party System.

## **Unit III: Challenges of Economic Development**

Economic Development, Structural Change, Economic Reforms, Migration.

## **Unit IV: Regional Cooperation in South Asia**

Genesis and Growth of SAARC, Challenges (internal and external) and Prospects, SAFTA, SAPTA.

- Baxter, Craig, et al., *Government and Politics in South Asia*, (Boulder: Westview Press, 2002).
- Brass, Paul, & Achin Vanaik, (eds.), *Competing Nationalism in South Asia*, (Delhi: Orient Longman, 2002).
- Chadda, Maya, *Building Democracy in South Asia*, (New Delhi: Vistar Publilshers, 2000).
- Chand, Attar, *Pakistan: Party Politics, Pressure Groups and Minorities*, (New Delhi: Common Wealth Publishers, 1991).
- Hassan, Gardezi & Jamil Rashid, *Pakistan: Roots of Dictatorship: The Political Economy of a Praetorian State*, (London: Oxford University Press, 1983).

- Jalal, Ayesha, Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative-Historical Perspective, (New Delhi: Cambridge University Press, 1995).
- Lamb, Christina Lamb, Waiting for Allah: Pakistan's Struggle for Democracy, (New Delhi: Viking, 1991).
- Mallick, Ross, Development. Ethnicity and Human Rights in South Asia, (New Delhi, 1998).
- Rothermund, Dietmar, *Role of State in South Asia and other Essays*, (Delhi: Manohar Publishers, 2000).
- Stem, Robert, Democracy and Dictatorship in South Asia: Dominant Classes and Political outcomes in India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, (New Delhi: India Research Press, 2001).

## **POL-PG-O403: Introduction to International Political Economy (Optional)**

## **Unit I: International Political Economy**

Definition and Approaches: Traditional Approaches – Mercantilist, Marxian, Dependencies, Contemporary Mainstream- Institutionalism, Constructivist, Current Discourse on Globalization in International Political Economy.

#### **Unit II: International Economic Institutions**

WB, IMF, GATT to World Trade Organization (WTO), Multilateral Economic Institutions (MEI) and Developing Countries.

#### **Unit III: Political Economy of Regionalism**

European Integration Process, North American Free Trade Area (NAFTA), Asia Pacific Economic Community (APEC), ASEAN.

## **Unit IV: Non State Actors in International Political Economy**

Transnational Corporations (TNCs), Non Governmental Organizations (NGOs), National and International, Protest Movements, Global Environmental Concerns.

- Brzezinski, Zbifniew, The Soviet Bloc Unity and Conflict, (Massachusetts: Harvard Univ Press, 1971).
- Chopra, V.D. (ed), *NAM Summit: New Delhi to Harare*, (New Delhi: Patriot Publishers, 1986).
- Frank, AG, *Crisis in the World Economy*, (New York: Holmes and Meier, 1980).
- Green, Reginald & Ann Seidman, *Unity or Poverty: The Economics of Pan-Africanism*, (Hannondsworth: Penguin, 1968).
- Grey, Robert D., "A Balance Sheet on External Assistance: France and Africa", The Journal of Modem African Studies, Vol. 28, No1, 1990, pp. 101-14.
- Grundy, Kenneth W., International Studies Quarterly, Vol. 20, No.4, 1976, pp.553-80.
- Gupta, Anirudha, "Non-Aligned Africa and the External Powers", The Non-Aligned World, Vol.I, No.2, April-June 1983, pp. 178-91.

- Gutkind, Peter & Peter Waterman, (eds), *African Social Studies: A Radical Reader*, (New York: Monthly Review Press, 1977).
- Hansen, William & Briggittee Schuz, "Imperialism, Dependency and Social Class, Africa Today, Vol. 28, No.3, 1981, pp. 5-36.
- Harshe, Rajan, "French Neo-colonialism in Sub-Saharan Africa", India Quarterly, Vol. XXXVI, No.2, April-June, 1980b, pp. 1159-78

## **POL-PG-O404:** Introduction to Issues in Human Rights (Optional)

## **Unit I: Historical and Philosophical Perspectives**

History of human rights civilization, Magna Carta, British Bill of Rights, French and American Declarations, International Bill of Rights; Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948; International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966; International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966

Concept and theories of Rights: Meaning, nature and definition; Classification of rights Natural rights theory; Liberal theory of rights; Legal/positive theory of rights; Marxist theory of rights; Sociological theory of rights; Cultural theory of rights

## **Unit II: Issues of Self Determination and Human Rights**

Meaning of self-determination: autonomy, democracy, governance, self determination as a process; Self-determination: External and Internal, New Dimensions and emerging debates. Theories of self-governance: Kant, Locke, Rousseau, Marx; Pluralism: McIver and Laski, Mahatma Gandhi, Issues of legitimacy of State and forms of governance.

## **Unit III: Development, Trade and Human Rights**

NIEO, Development and trade off on Human Rights; Role of unfair terms of trade in human rights violations; TNCs, Monopolies and right to development, Technology and workers' rights; National control over international trade; Sovereign states and peoples' rights: issue of economic sovereignty.

#### **Unit IV: Human Rights in India**

Constitution on the Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles and Fundamental Duties, Problems of choosing "Fundamental Rights"; Problem of defining reasonable restrictions on fundamental rights; International human rights and the Indian Constitution; Fundamental Duties of State and Citizen: problems of implementing Duties; Directive Principles of State Policy;

Reservations and the right to equality; Protection of Minorities; Protection of Women: in Private and Public domain; Contract and unorganized workers; bonded labour; Children.

- Aggarwal, Om Prakash. Fundamental Rights and Constitutional Remedies (Delhi: Metropolitan Book, 1954).
- Aiyar, S.P. and S.V. Raju, ed., *Fundamental Rights and the Citizen* (New Delhi: Academic Books Limited, 1972).
- Bhagwati, P.N., *Dimensions of Human Rights*, (Madurai: Society for Community Organization Trust, 1987).

- Chkhikvadie, Viktor, "Covenants on Human Rights: Their Historical Significance", International Affairs, vol.1, 1987, pp.55-61.
- Cobban, A., *The Nation-State and National Self-determination* (Leiden: Sijthoff, 1969).
- Diwan, Paras and Peeyushi Diwan, Children and Legal Protection (New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1994).
- Douzines, Costas, *The End of Human Rights: Critical Legal Thoughts at the Turn of the Century* (Oregon: Hart Publishing, 2000).
- Khanna, S.K., *Children and the Human Rights* (New Delhi: Commonwealth, 1998).
- Mohanti, M., *People's Rights* (New Delhi: Sage Publications, 1998).
- Sen Shankar, *Human Rights in a Developing Society* (New Delhi: A.P.H. Publishing, 1998).
- Singh, B.P. Seghal, ed., *Human Rights in India: Problems and Perspectives*, (New Delhi: Deep and Deep, 1995).

#### SPECIALISATION: STATE AND POLITICS IN INDIA

## **POL-PG-O405: Democratic Politics in India: Issues and Dynamics (Optional)**

## **Unit I: Contextualising Indian Democracy**

Democracy and Elections in India

#### **Unit II: Political Parties and Civil Society Groups in Indian Democracy**

## **Unit III: Debate on Secularism in Indian Democracy**

Democracy and Economic Development in India

#### **Unit IV: Ouestion of Identity and Political Participation**

Caste, Democracy and Elections in India

- Bhanu Mehta, Pratap, *Burden of Democracy*, (New Delhi: Penguin Publications, 2003).
- Bhambri, C. P., *Globalisation India: Nation, State and Democracy*, (New Delhi: Shipra Publications, 2005).
- Bhargava, Rajeev, *Secularism and Its Critics*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2000).
- Chatterjee, Partha, *Nation and Its Fragments: Colonial and Postcolonial Histories*, (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1997).
- Chatterjee, Partha, *The Politics of the Governed: Reflections in Popular Politics in Most of the World*, (New Delhi: Permanent Black, 2004).
- Hasan, Zoya, (ed.), *Parties and Party Politics in India*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2002).
- Hasan, Zoya, *Politics of Inclusion: Castes, Minorities and Affirmative Action*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 2011).

- Kaviraj, Sudipta, *Politics in India*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999).
- Kothari, Rajni, *Politics in India*, (New Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 1970).
- Sen, Amartya, *Development as Freedom*, (New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999).

## POL-PG-O406: Government and Politics in Sikkim (Optional)

## **Unit I: Politics and Society of Sikkim**

Evolution: Pre and Post-Merger settings, Land and People, Geo-political setting, Ethnic Groups and Languages.

## **Unit II: Issues of Transition**

From Monarchy to Democracy; Associate State to Full-fledged State; 36th Constitutional Amendment Act; Special Status under Article 371F; First Assembly Elections, Legislature, Executive and Judiciary.

## **Unit III: Politics after Merger**

Emergence and growth of Political Parties; Social base and Leadership Pattern and Electoral Performance of Political Parties, Participation of political parties in local election.

## **Unit IV: Local Governance and Development**

- (A). Evolution and Structure of Local Governance: Rural Governance: Composition, Functions and Sources of Income; Customary Panchayat (Dzumsa), District Planning Committee and State Finance Commission; Urban Governance (Sikkim Municipality Act 2007), Women in Local Politics.
- (B). Rural Development and Poverty Alleviation, Role of Panchayats in Rural Development, Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), National Rural Livelihoods Mission (NRLM), Chief Minister Rural Housing Scheme (CMRHS), Land Bank Scheme.

- Bareh, H.M. *Encyclopaedia of North East India (Sikkim)*, vol. VII (New Delhi, Mittal, 2001).
- Basnet, L B. Sikkim, A Short Political History, (New Delhi, S Chand & Co, 1974).
- Bhadra, Madhumita. *Sikkim: Democracy and Social Change* (Calcutta, Minerva, 1992).
- Chhetri, Durga P. Decentralised Governance and Development (New Delhi, Mittal, 2012).
- Chhetri, Durga P. *Sikkim Chronicle* (Malda, Dipali, 2010).
- Coelho. V.H. *Sikkim and Bhutan*, Bombay, Vikas, 1970).
- Risley, H.H. *The Gazetteer of Sikkim* (Calcutta, Bengal Secretariat Press, 1849).
- Sinha, A. *Politics of Sikkim* (Faridabad, Thompson Press, 1975).
- Yasin, M. and Durga P Chhetri. *Politics, Society and Development: Insights from Sikkim* (New Delhi, Kalpaz, 2012).
- White, J.C. Sikkim and Bhutan-Twenty One Years on the North East Frontier (1887-1908) (London, Edward Arnold, 1909).

## **POL-PG-O407: Social and Political Movements in India (Optional)**

#### **Unit I: Understanding Social and Political Movements**

Meaning and Classification; Theories of Social Movements; Typology, Ideology, Organisation and Leadership.

## Unit II: Social and Political Movements in Contemporary India

Distinctive Features; Socio-political background of its emergence; 'Old' or 'Classical' and 'New' social movements: Basic differences

#### **Unit III: Agrarian Movement in India**

Basic Features; Changing Character, Different Phases; Farmer's Movement.

Working Class Movements in India: Changing Nature of Political Trade-unionism; Challenges before the Trade Union Movements in the era of globalisation.

Left Movements in India: Rise of Left-extremism and the emergence of Left Movements.

#### Unit IV: Grassroots Politics and the 'New Social Movements in India

Dalits Movement, Women Movement, Ecology and Environment Movements, Ethnic Movements.

- Banks, J. A. *The Sociology of Social Movements* (London: Macmillan, 1972).
- Dhanagare, D. N. *Peasant Movements in India 1920-1950* (Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1983).
- Oommen, T. K. *Protest and change: Studies in Social Movements* (Delhi: Sage, 1990).
- Oommen, T.K. Nation, Civil Society and Social Movements: Essays in Political Sociology, (New Delhi: Sage, 2004).
- Rao, M.S.A. *Social Movement in India* (New Delhi: Manohar, 1979).
- Rao, M.S.A. *Social Movement and Social Transformation* (New Delhi: Macmillan, 1979).
- Roy, Raka & Katzenstein, Mary F. Social Movements in India: Poverty, Power and Politics, (Rowman and Littlefield Publishers INC. 2005).
- Shah, Ghanashyam. *Social Movements in India*, (Delhi: Sage, 1990).
- Singh, K. S. *Tribal movements in India* (New Delhi: Manohar, 1982).
- Singh, Rajendra Social Movements: Old and New: A Post-Modernist Critique, (Delhi: Sage, 2001).