

POLITICAL SCIENCE
PG Syllabus

Course Code	Course Title	Type	Credits	Total
Semester-I				
POL-PG-C101	Political Theory	C	4	100
POL-PG-C102	International Politics: Concepts & Theories	C	4	100
POL-PG-C103	Public Administration: Concepts and Theories	C	4	100
POL-PG-C104	Indian Constitution & Government	C	4	100
Semester-II				
POL-PG-C201	Western Political Thought	C	4	100
POL-PG-C202	Comparative Political Analysis	C	4	100
POL-PG-C203	India's Foreign Policy	C	4	100
POL-PG-O204	Aspects of Political Economy in India	O	4	100
Semester-III				
POL-PG-C301	Research Methods in Political Science	C	4	100
POL-PG-O302	Modern Indian Political Thought	O	4	100
POL-PG-E303	International Relations: Issues and Institutions	E	4	100
POL-PG-E304	Global Environmental Governance	E	4	100
POL-PG-E305	State Politics in India	E	4	100
POL-PG-E306	Governance and Public Policy in India	E	4	100
Semester-IV				
POL-PG-E401	Government and Politics in South Asia	E	4	100
POL-PG-E402	International Political Economy	E	4	100
POL-PG-E403	Human Rights: Concepts and Issues	E	4	100
POL-PG-E404	Democratic Politics in India: Issues, Processes and Dynamics	E	4	100
POL-PG-E405	Government and Politics in Sikkim	E	4	100
POL-PG-E406	Social and Political Movements in India	E	4	100
POL-PG-C407	Dissertation	C	4	100

POL-PG-C101: POLITICAL THEORY

Unit I: Political Theory

What is Political Theory?

Nature and Significance of Political Theory; Behavioural Movement and Post-Behaviouralism; Decline and Resurgence of Political Theory.

Unit II: Enlightenment and Liberal Traditions

What is enlightenment?

Liberty; Equality; Justice; Capabilities as Freedom; Democracy.

Unit III: Radical Traditions

Marxism – Basic Tenets, Materialist Dialectics, Historical Materialism; Theory of Alienation.

Unit IV: Critical Traditions

Multiculturalism; Feminism.

Essential Readings

Berlin, Isaiah. (1969). *Four Essays on Concepts of Liberty*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Bhargava, Rajiv and Acharya Ashok. (ed.), (2008). *Political Theory: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson.

Chatterjee, Partha. (2013). *Lineages of Political Society*. Orient Blackswan.

Farrelly, Colin. (ed.), (2004). *Contemporary Political Theory: A Reader*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.

Gaus, Gerald F. and Kukathas, Chandran. (ed.), (2004). *Handbook of Political Theory*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.

Goodin, Robert E. and Pettit, Philip. (1993). *A Companion to Contemporary Political Philosophy*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Gutman, Amy. (ed.), (1994). *Multiculturalism: Examining the Politics of Recognition*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

Heywood, Andrew. (2004). *Political Theory: An Introduction (Third Edition)*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

Kymlicka, Will. (2002). *Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Miller, David and Siedentop, Larry. (eds.), (1983). *The Nature of Political Theory*. Oxford: Clarendon Press.

POL-PG-C102: INTERNATIONAL POLITICS: CONCEPTS AND THEORIES

Unit I: Concepts - I

Defining International Politics; State and Non-State Actors; Sovereignty; Power; Hegemony; Globalisation.

Unit II: Concepts - II

National Interest; Security; Anarchy; Identity; Cosmopolitanism.

Unit III: Theories - I

Classical-Scientific; Liberalism – Neoliberalism; Realism – Neorealism; Marxism.

Unit IV: Theories - II

Game Theory; Decision Making Theory; Feminism; Social Constructivism; Post Modernism; Eurocentrism; Perspectives from Global South: Kautilya's Realpolitik, Chinese Traditions in International Relations.

Essential Readings

Baldwin, David. ed. (1993). *Neorealism and Neoliberalism: The Contemporary Debate*. New York: Columbia University Press.

Baylis, John. Owens, Patricia and Steve Smith. eds. (2017). *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. 7th ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Burchill, Scott. Linklater, Andrew. Devetak, Richard. Donnelly, Jack. Nardin, Terry. Patterson, Mathew. Reus-Smit, Christian and True, Jacqui. (2001). *Theories of International Relations*, 2nd edition. London: Palgrave.

Carr, E.H. (1946). *The Twenty Years' Crisis, 1919-1939: An Introduction to the Study of International Relations*, 2nd edition. New York: Harper and Row.

Clarke, Ian. (1999). *Globalization and International Relations Theory*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Dougherty, James E. and Robert L. Pfaltzgraff, Jr. (1997). *Contending Theories of International Relations*, 4th edition. Longman.

Grieco, Joseph. Ikenberry G., John. Mastanduno, Michael. (2015). *Introduction to International Relations: Enduring Questions and Contemporary Perspectives*. New York: Palgrave.

Heywood, Andrew. (2014). *Global Politics*. 2nd edition. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

Ken, Booth, and Smith, Steve. eds. (1995). *International Relations Theory Today*. Oxford: Polity Press.

Morgenthau, H. J. (1951-1978). *Politics Among Nations*, Part I. New York: Alfred Knopf.

POL-PG-C103: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION: CONCEPTS AND THEORIES

Unit I: Nature, Scope and Evolution

Public Administration: Meaning, Nature, Scope and Significance; Evolution of the discipline; Public and Private Administration; Public Administration in Developed and Developing countries.

Unit II: Classical, Modern and Postmodern Theory

Classical Theories: Scientific Management, Classical Theory and Bureaucratic Theory.

Modern Theories: Human Relations, Decision Making and Ecological Theory.

Postmodern Theories: New Public Administration, New Public Management and Good Governance.

Unit III: Personnel and Financial Administration

Personnel Administration: Civil Service: Constitutional Position; Principles of Recruitment, Training and Promotion; Generalist & specialist controversy, Politician and civil servant relationship.

Budget: Types and Forms; Budgetary process and Financial Accountability.

Unit IV: Public Policy

Public Policy: Meaning and Significance; Types of Public Policy: Substantive, Regulatory, Distributive, Redistributive, Constituent; Model of Policy making; Public Policy Making: Structure and Processes; Role of Executive, Legislature, Bureaucracy, Judiciary, Political Parties and Mass Media.

Essential Readings

Arora, Ramesh K. (2004). *Public Administration: Fresh Perspectives*. Jaipur: Aalekh Publishers.

Basu, Rumki (2007). *Public Administration, Concepts and Theories*. New Delhi: Sterling.

Bhattacharya, Mohit (2007). *Restructuring Public Administration: Essays in Rehabilitation*. New Delhi: Jawahar.

- Chakravarty, Bidyut & Bhattacharya, Mohit (2003). *Public Administration: A Reader*. New Delhi: OUP.
- Denhardt Robert B and Grubbs, Joseph W. (2003). *Public Administration: An Action Orientation*. Canada: Thomson.
- Guy, Mary E. & Rubin, Marilyn M. (2015). *Public Administration Evolving*. London: Routledge.
- Holzer, Marc & Schweser, Richard W. (2016). *Public Administration: An Introduction*. London: Routledge.
- Nigro, Felix A & Nigro, Lloyd D. (2000). *Modern Public Administration*. New York: Harper and Row.
- Sabatier, Paul A. (2007). *Theories of the Policy Process*. Boulder Co: Westview.
- Shafritz Jay M & Russel, E. W. (2001). *Introducing Public Administration*. New York: Longman.

POL-PG-C104: INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND GOVERNMENT

Unit I: Constitutional Development in India

Making of the Indian Constitution, (Evolution of Constitutional Government under the Raj); Government of India Acts 1919, 1935, 1947; Indian Constitution and Constitutional Assembly Debates on DPSP and Fundamental Rights and its Vision for Free India; Constitutional interpretation of secularism; Constitutional Amendments.

Unit II: Union Government

Union Executive: President and Prime Minister; Parliament: Debate over representation; Relation between two houses; The Supreme Court; Appointment of Judges; Judicial independence; Judicial Review and Activism; Basic Structure Judgements.

Unit III: Federalism in India

Centre-State Relations; Fifth Schedule and Sixth Schedule; Article 370; Local Government: 73rd and 74 Amendments; Finance Commission.

Unit IV: Institutions and Processes

Election Commission of India; Electoral Reforms; Planning Commission to NITI Ayog;
National Human Rights Commission.

Essential Readings

- Agarwal, R.C. & Bhatnagar, Mahesh. (2014). *Constitutional Development and National Movement of India*. New Delhi: S.Chand & Company Ltd.
- Arora, Balveer & Verney, Douglas, V. (eds). (1995). *Multiple Identities in a Single State: Indian Federalism in Comparative Perspective*. Delhi: Konark Publications.
- Austin, Granville. (1999). *The Indian Constitution: Cornerstone of a Nation*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Basu, D. D. (2001). *An Introduction to the Indian Constitution*. Nagpur: Wadhwa Publications.
- Baxi, Upendra. (1982). *The Crisis of the Indian Legal System*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.
- Bhargava, Rajeev. (2009). *Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution*. Delhi: Oxford India Paperbacks.
- Johari, J.C. (2013). *The Constitution of India: A Politico-Legal Study*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers.
- Kashyap, Subhash, C. (2011). *Our Constitution*. Delhi: National Book Trust.
- Kothari, Rajni. (1990). *State Against Democracy: In Search of Humane Governance*. Delhi: Ajanta Publications.
- Saxena, Rekha & Singh, M.P. (2007). *Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns*. Delhi: PHI Learning.

POL-PG-C201: WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

- Unit I: Greek Political Thought**
Plato and Aristotle.
- Unit II: Medieval Political Thought**
St Augustine, St Thomas Aquinas and Machiavelli.
- Unit III: European Political Thought**
Hobbes, Locke, Rousseau, J. S. Mill, Mary Wollstonecraft, Hegel and Marx.
- Unit IV: Contemporary Political Thought**
Gramsci, Rawls and Foucault.

Essential Readings

- Barker, E. (1959). *The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle*. New York: Dover Publications.
- Boucher, D. & Kelly P. (2003). *Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present*. New York: Oxford University Press.

- Coleman, J. (2000). *A History of Political Thought: From the Middle Ages to Renaissance*. London: Blackwell.
- Davidson, W.L. (1957). *Political Thought in England: The Utilitarians from Bentham, to Mill*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Hampsher-Monk, I. (1992). *A History of Modern Political Thought: Major Political thinkers from Hobbes to Marx*. Oxford: Basil Blackwell.
- Jha, S. (2012). *Western Political Thought*. New Delhi: Pearson.
- McLellan, D. (2007). *Marxism After Marx*. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Mukerjee, S. & Ramaswamy, S. (1999). *A History of Political Thought: Plato to Marx*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.
- Simon, Roger. (1982). *Gramsci's Political Thought*. London: Lawrence and Wishart.
- Taylor, Dianna. (ed.), (2012). *Michel Foucault: Key Concepts*. New Delhi: Rawat Publications.

POL-PG-C202: COMPARATIVE POLITICAL ANALYSIS

Unit I: Comparative Methods and Approaches

Comparative Politics and the Comparative methods: Nature and Scope; Old and New-Shifts in Focus; Problem in theory building; Approaches: Formal-Institutional; Political Systems; Structural Functionalism; Political Culture; New Institutionalism.

Unit II: Development and Under-Development Theories

Theories: Modernisation; Dependency; Under-Development; World System Theory; Post Development.

Unit III: Theories of the State

Debates on State: Poulantzas and Miliband; Development of modern states in Europe and non-European societies, State and Social Classes in Post-Colonial Societies.

Unit IV: Colonialism and Nation-building

Nature of Colonialism and Colonial State; Nation- State building in developing societies; Post-Colonial State.

Essential Readings

- Alavi, H & T. Shanineds. (1982). *Introduction to the Sociology of 'Developing Societies*. London and Basingstoke: Macmillan.
- Almond, G & G.B Powell. (1996). *Comparative Politics: A Theoretical Approach*. New York: Harper Collins.
- Almond, G & G.B Powell, K. Strom, R. J. Dalton eds. (2001). *Comparative Politics Today: A World View* India: Pearson Education.
- Anderson, B. (1991). *Imagined Communities: Reflections on the Orogen and Spread of Nationalism*. London: Verso.
- Ball, Allan. R & Guy B Peters. (2000). *Modern Politics and Government* . Houndmills: Palgrave.
- Chatterjee, P. (1994). *Nation and its Fragments*. New Delhi: Oxford.
- Chatterjee, R. (2006). *Introduction to Comparative Political Analysis*. Sarat Book House.
- Chilcote, R. H. (1994). *Theories of Comparative Politics*. Boulder: Westview Press.
- Dunleavy, P. & O'Leary. (1987). *Theories of the State: The Politics of Liberal Democracy*. Houndmills: Macmillan.
- Sachs, W. (eds). (1997). *The Development Dictionary*. Delhi: Orient Longman.

POL-PG-C203: INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY

Unit I: India's Foreign Policy: Structure and Processes

Institutions; Processes; Doctrinal Aspects; Determinants (domestic and international); Non Aligned Movement.

Unit II: India and the World

India and the Major Powers: India-US, India-Russia; India and the Neighbourhood: India-China, India-Pakistan, India-Bangladesh; India and UN: UN Reforms, Peace Keeping Missions.

Unit III: India as an Emerging Power

India and International Economic Institutions: World Bank, IMF and WTO; Diplomacy; Transnational Cultural Linkages: Indian Diaspora as Foreign policy's leverage, Culture, Media, Films, Literature, Sports.

Unit IV: Emerging Challenges in India's Foreign Policy

Energy Security; Immigration/migration; Terrorism; Climate Change.

Essential Readings

- Bandopadhyaya, Jayantanuja. (2003). *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*. Calcutta: Allied Publishers.
- Dixit, J. N. (2002). *India's Foreign Policy Challenge of Terrorism: Fashioning New Interstate Equations*. New Delhi: Gyan Books.
- Dubey, Muchkund. (2012). *India's Foreign Policy: Coping with the Changing World*. New Jersey: Pearson.
- Gupta, Amit Kumar. (2008). "Commentary on India's Soft Power and Diaspora". *International Journal on World Peace*. Vol. XXV, No. 3. Minnesota: Professors World Peace Academy.
- Gupta, Amit Kumar. (2012). "India's Foreign Policy: An Adherence to Change, Pre-Independence to Post-Pokhran II". *Asian Profile*. Vol. 40, No. 3. Canada: Asian Research Service.
- Harshe, Rajen and K.M. Sethi, eds. (2005). *Engaging with the World: Critical Reflections on India's Foreign Policy*. Hyderabad: Orient Longman.
- Mansingh, Lalit et al, eds. (1998). *Indian Foreign Policy: Agenda for the 21st Century*. Vol.1 and 2. New Delhi: Foreign Services Institute with Konark.
- Muni, S.D. and Girijesh Pant. (2005). *India's Search for Energy Security: Prospects for Cooperation with Extended Neighbourhood*. New Delhi: Rupa Publications.
- Cohen, Stephen P. (2002). *India Emerging Power*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Vanaik, Achin. (1995). *India in a Changing World: Problems, Limits and Successes of its Foreign Policy*. Hyderabad: Orient Longman.

POL-PG-O204: ASPECTS OF POLITICAL ECONOMY IN INDIA

Unit I: Political Economy

Political Economy as a Method; Classical, Marxist, Neo Classical Approaches; Political Economy as a Method; Planning and Redistribution

Unit II: Agriculture and economic reforms

Agrarian development strategy, challenges and reforms; Agrarian problems; New agricultural strategy; Issues of Land acquisition and conflicts; Rural indebtedness and landlessness; impact of New Economic policy.

Unit III: Industry and economic reforms

Industrial development strategy; Public Sector; Liberalisation and Privatisation process; Corporate Sector; impact on Labour: organised and unorganised sectors.

Unit IV: Concerns, inequalities and movements

Regional disparity, inequality; Marginalised classes; Environment; Development and Displacement; Food Security; Water resources.

Essential Readings

- Brass, Paul R. (1992). *The Politics of India Since Independence*. Cambridge: Cambridge
- Byres, Terence, J., (ed). (1994). *The State and Development Planning in India*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Chatterjee, Partha. (1997). *A Possible India: Essays in Political Criticism*. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Das, Arvind N. (1994). *India Invented: A Nation in the Making*. New Delhi: Manohar Publishers.
- Frankel, Francine. R. (1978). *India's Political Economy:1947-1977: The Gradual Revolution*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Gadde, Omprasad. (2016). From Project Based Lending to Policy Based Lending: An Evaluation of Structural Adjustment Lending Policy of World Bank. *Journal of Social and Administrative Sciences*, 3(1): 56-62.
- Khilnani, Sunil. (1997). *The Idea of India*. London: Hanush Hamilton.
- Kohli, Atul. (1996). *Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing Crisis of Governability*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Mukherji, Rahul. (2012). *Political Economy of Reforms in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Pai, Sudha. *Handbook of Politics in Indian States: Regions, Parties, and Economic Reforms*. Delhi: Oxford India Handbooks.

POL-PG-C301: RESEARCH METHODS IN POLITICAL SCIENCE

UNIT I: Foundations of Political Science Research

Social Science Research and its Scope; Definition and Objectives of Social Scientific Research; Ethics of Research; Traditional Methods of Inquiries: Philosophical, Historical-Legal and Institutional; Emergence of Positivism, Post-Positivism and Scientific Methods; Problem of Values and Objectivity in Social Science Research.

Unit II: Scientific Method in Research

Qualitative and Quantitative Research; Problem Formulation and Hypothesis; Identification of Variables, Concepts and Operationalisation of Concepts; Linking Data with Concepts and Units; Data analysis; basics of SPSS; Plagiarism and Copyrights.

Unit III: Research Design and Methods of Data Collection

Research Designs: Exploratory, Explanatory, Descriptive and Experimental
Methods of Data Collection: Survey, Questionnaire, Schedule, Interview and Participant Observation, Focus Group Discussion, Ethnographic Method.

Unit IV: Sampling and Report Writing

Types of Sampling Methods: Probability and Nonprobability Sampling; Types of Sampling Designs: Simple Random, Systematic, Stratified, Multi-stage Cluster, Purposive, Snowballing and Quota; Research Report Writing.

Essential Readings

Ahuja, Ram (2003). *Research Methods*. Jaipur: Rawat.

Cresswell, John W. (2013). *Research Design. Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed methods approaches*. London: Sage.

David, McNabb (2004). *Research Methods for Political Science*. New Delhi: Prentice Hall.

Jain, Gopal (1998). *Methods Tools and Techniques*. Jaipur : Mangal Deep Publications.

Krishnaswami, O.R. (2005). *Methodology of research in Social Sciences*. Mumbai: Himalaya Publishing House.

Neuman, Lawrence W. (2014). *Social Research Methods: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches*. New Delhi: Pearson.

- Pennings, Paul, Keman, Hans & Kleinnijenhuis, Jan (2006). *Doing research in Political Science*. New Delhi: Sage.
- Punch, Keith (2005). *Introduction to Social Research: Quantitative and Qualitative Approaches*. London: Sage.
- Verma, S. (1989). *Research Methodology in Political Science: Theory & Analysis*. Jaipur: Rawat.
- Wagner, William E. (2006). *Using SPSS for social sciences and research methods*. London: Sage.

- POL-PG-O302: MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**
- Unit I: Modern Indian Political Thought**
Nature and its importance; the Western impact on Indian society and Intellectual tradition; Indian response.
- Unit II: Indian Renaissance and Nationalism and Hindu Assertion**
Rammohun Roy, Dayanand Saraswati, Swami Vivekananda and Pandit Ramabai; Aurobindo and Savarkar.
- Unit III: Muslim Assertion and Dalit Contestations**
Sir Syed Ahmed and Iqbal; Jyotiba Phule and B. R. Ambedkar.
- Unit IV: Gandhism, Socialism and Radicalism**
Gandhi; Nehru and Lohia; M. N. Roy.

Essential Readings

- Appadorai, A. (1971). *Indian Political Thinking in the Twentieth Century From Naoroji to Nehru: An Introductory Survey*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Bhattacharyya, H. & Ghosh, A. (2007). *Indian Political Thought and Movements: New Interpretations and Emerging Issues*. Calcutta: K.P. Bagchi & Company.
- Chatterjee, P. (1986). *Nationalist Thought and the Colonial World: A Derivative Discourse?* London: Zed Books for United Nations University.
- Chakrabarty, B. & Pandey, R. K. (2009). *Modern Indian Political Thought: Text and Context*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.

- Jha, M.N. (1978). *Modern Indian Political Thought: Rammohun Roy to Present Day*. Meerut: Meenakshi Prakashan.
- Mehta, V. R. & Thomas P. (2006). *Political Ideas in Modern India: Thematic Explorations*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Mehta, V.R. (1996). *Foundations of Indian Political Thought: An Interpretation - From Manu to the Present Day*. New Delhi: Manohar Publications.
- Pantam, T. & Deutsch, K. L. (1986). *Political Thought in Modern India*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Parekh, B. (1989). *Gandhi's Political Philosophy: A Critical Examination*. UK: Palgrave Macmillan.
- Verma, V. P. (1996). *Modern Indian Political Thought*. Agra: Laxmi Narayan Agarwal.

POL-PG-E303: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: ISSUES AND INSTITUTIONS

Unit I: Actors in International Relations

International System; State; Non-State actors: Transnational Corporations, Multilateral Agencies, International NGOs.

Unit II: Contemporary Issues in International Relations

Changing Nature of war & Conflict; Conflict Resolution; Cyber Warfare; Terrorism; Culture in world affairs; Migration and Refugees.

Unit III: United Nations Organisation and Other International Organisations

Historical Perspective, Origin of the United Nations and its development; Organisational structures, Functions, Issues and Challenges: Food and Agricultural Organisation (FAO), International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), International Labour Organisation (ILO), United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO), World Health Organisation (WHO).

Unit IV: Regional and Sub-regional Organisations across the World

Classification and growth of Regional Organisations; European Union (EU), North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO), Organisation of American States (OAS), Bay of Bengal Initiative for Multi Sectoral Technical and Economic Cooperation (BIMSTEC), Shanghai Cooperation

Organisation (SCO), African Union (AU), Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OCED), Indian Ocean Rim Association for Regional Cooperation (IOR-ARC).

Essential Readings

Alger, Chadwick F. (1998). *The Future of the United Nations: Potential for the Twenty-first Century*. United Nations University Press.

Archer, Clive. (2008). *The European Union*. New York: Routledge.

Baylis, John. Owens, Patricia and Steve Smith. eds. (2017). *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*. 7th ed. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Colcaud, Jean-Marc and Veijo Heiskanen. eds. (2001). *The Legitimacy of International Organizations*. United Nations University Press.

Fawcett, Louise and Hurrell, Andrew. eds. (1996). *Regionalism in World Politics: Regional Organisation and International Order*. Oxford: OUP.

French, Julian-Lindley. (2007). *The North Atlantic Treaty Organization: The Enduring Alliance*. New York: Routledge.

Grieco, Joseph, Ikenberry, G. John, and Mastanduno, Michael. (2015), *Introduction to International Relations: Enduring Questions and Contemporary Perspectives*. New York: Palgrave.

Karns, Margaret P. and Mingst, Karen A. (2005). *International Organisations: The Politics and Processes of Global Governance*. New Delhi: Viva Books.

Mansbach Richard W. and Taylor Kirsten L. (2012). *Introduction to Global Politics*, 2nd edition. Oxon: Routledge.

Nye, Joseph. (2006). *Understanding International Conflicts: An Introduction to Theory and History*, 6th edition. London: Longman.

POL-PG-E304: GLOBAL ENVIRONMENTAL GOVERNANCE

Unit I: Global Environmental Governance

Meaning and concepts of global environmental governance; Themes of global environmental governance: biodiversity, water, forest, climate change; Levels of governance: local, regional and global.

Unit II: Emerging debates on Sustainable Development and Environmental Governance

Sustainable Development; Regimes and Institutions; Continuing debates.

Unit III: Environmental Movement: North and South

Global environmental governance and North-South dynamics: Environmentalism in the North and South; Global environmental debate and the North-South divide.

Unit IV: Issues in Environmental Governance

Environmental regulation and its impact; Multi-level governance and its challenges: Collective action; International negotiations; Governance beyond the state and different rationalities of regulations.

Essential Readings

Biermann, Frank. Bernd Siebenhuner and Anna Schreyogg. (eds) (2009). *International Organisations and Global Environmental Governance*. London: Routledge.

Biermann, Frank. (2011). *Reforming Global Environmental Governance: The Case for a United Nations Environment Organisation (UNEO)*. Stakeholder Forum SDG2012 programme.

Guha, Ramachandra. (2000). *Environmentalism: A Global History*. New Delhi: Oxford.

Guha, Ramachandra and J. Martin-Alier. (1997). *Varieties of Environmentalism: Essays North and South*. London: Earthscan.

Hempel, Lamont C. (1996). *Environmental Governance: The Global Challenge*. Island Press.

Kooiman, J. (ed). (1993). *Modern Governance, New Government-Society Interactions*. London: Sage.

Scanlon, John and Burhenne-Guilmin, Françoise. (eds). (2004). *International Environmental Governance- An International Regime for Protected Areas*.

Stoke, Olav Schram and Geir Henneland (eds). (2010). *International Cooperation and Arctic Governance*. London: Routledge.

POL-PG-E305: STATE POLITICS IN INDIA

Unit I: State Politics

Significance of the study of State Politics; Theoretical framework and its problems; features of State Politics in India; Determinants of State Politics in India.

Unit II: Federal Process and Regionalism

Formation of States; Issues of Centre-State conflicts; Issues of Inter-State conflicts; Politics of Regionalism: Conceptual issues and typologies; Politics of Autonomy and Politics of Accord.

Unit III: Political Parties and Party Politics

National Political Parties: Ideology and Development, Social bases and Leadership pattern, Electoral performance; Regional and State Political Parties: Origin and Development, Social bases and Leadership pattern.

Unit IV: Issues and Trends of State Politics

Electoral Politics; Coalition Politics; Politics of Nationality; Politics of Economic Growth.

Essential Readings

- Baruah, Sanjib. (2003). *India Against Itself: Assam and the politics of nationality*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Baruah, Sanjib. (2007). *Durable Disorder: Understanding the Politics of Northeast India*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Brass, Paul R. (1999). *The Politics in India since Independence*. New Delhi: Cambridge University Press.
- Chatterjee, Partha. (ed.) (1999). *State and Politics in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Hasan, Zoya. (ed.) (2000). *Politics and the State in India*. New Delhi: Sage.
- Hasan, Zoya. (ed.), (2001). *Parties and Party Politics in India* New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Kaviraj, Sudipta. (ed.). (1997). *Politics in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Pai, Sudha. (2013). *Handbook of Politics in Indian States: Regions, Parties and Economic Reforms*. Delhi: Oxford India Handbook.
- Saez, Lawrence. (2002). *Federalism without a Centre: The Impact of Political and Economic Reform on India's Federal System*. New Delhi: Sage.

Shastri, S. Yadav, Y. and Suri, K.C. (2009). *Electoral Politics in Indian States*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

POL-PG-E306: GOVERNANCE AND PUBLIC POLICY IN INDIA

Unit I: Concepts of Governance

Origin of the term Governance; Definition of Governance and Good Governance; Characteristics of Good Governance: Participation, Rule of law, Transparency, Responsiveness, Equity, Accountability.

Unit II: Local Governance

Local Government and Local Governance; Nature and Importance of Local Government; Structures of Rural and Urban Governance; Self-governance for the Scheduled Areas.

Unit III: Public Policy Making

Constitutional framework for Policy Making; Components of Policy Formulation; Institutional Factors: Legislature, Executive, Judiciary, Planning Commission/NITI Aayog; Other forces in Policy Making: Public opinion, Political parties, Pressure groups and Media.

IV: Public Policy Implementation and Evaluation

Concept and Techniques of Policy Implementation; Role of Legislature, Executive, Judiciary, Civil Service and NGO in Policy Implementation; Concept of Policy Evaluation; Constraints of Public Policy Evaluation.

Essential Readings

Barthwal, C.P. (2003). *Good Governance in India*. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publication.

Chhetri, D.P. (2014). *Decentralised Governance and Development in India*. New Delhi: Mittal.

De, P.K. (2012). *Public Policy and Systems*. New Delhi: Pearson.

Dye, Thomas R. (1998). *Understanding Public Policy*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.

John, Peter (2012). *Analysing Public Policy*. London: Routledge.

Kjaer, Anne Mette (2004). *Governance*. Cambridge: Polity Press.

- Kraft, Michael E. And Furlong, Scott R. (2012). *Public Policy: Politics, Analysis and Alternatives*. Washington DC: CQ Press.
- Manski, Charles F. (2013). *Public Policy in An Uncertain World: Analysis and Decisions*. Harvard: Harvard University Press.
- Mathur, Kuldeep (2013). *Public Policy and Politics in India: How Institutions Matter*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press
- Mungiu-Pippidi, Alina (2015). *The Quest for Good Governance*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

POL-PG-E401: GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN SOUTH ASIA

Unit I: Land and its People

Borders and Geo-Political Setting; diversities of race; language and religion; Human Development Index.

Unit II: Foundations of Political Systems in South Asia

Monarchy; Presidential; Parliamentary; Evolution and growth of Party Systems.

Unit III: Challenges of Economic Development

Economic Development; Economic Reforms; Impact of Globalisation on Trade and Foreign Direct Investments.

Unit IV: Regional Cooperation in South Asia

Genesis and Growth of SAARC; Challenges and Prospects; SAPTA; SAFTA.

Essential Readings

- Baxter Craig, Malik Yogendra K., Kennedy Charles H., Oberst Robert C., (2002), *Government and Politics in South Asia*, Boulder: West view Press.
- Bhattacharya, Mita. Smyth, Russell and Vicziany, Marika. (2004). *South Asia in the Era of Globalization: Trade, Industrialization and Welfare*. New York: Nova Science Publishers.
- Brass, Paul, & Achin Vanaik, eds. (2002), *Competing Nationalism in South Asia*, Delhi: Orient Longman.
- Chadda, Maya, (2000), *Building Democracy in South Asia*, New Delhi: Vistar Publilshers.
- Chaturvedi Archana & Kumar Raj, (2014), *Government and Politics in South Asia*, Arpan Publications.

- Jalal, Ayesha, (1995), *Democracy and Authoritarianism in South Asia: A Comparative-Historical Perspective*, New Delhi: Cambridge University Press.
- Mallick, Ross, (1998), *Development. Ethnicity and Human Rights in South Asia*, New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Saez, Lawrence. (2012). *The South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC): An Emerging Collaboration Architecture*. London: Routledge.
- Stem, Robert, (2001), *Democracy and Dictatorship in South Asia: Dominant Classes and Political outcomes in India, Pakistan, Bangladesh*, New Delhi: India Research Press.
- Visweswaran, Kamala. ed. (2011). *Perspectives on Modern South Asia: A Reader in Culture, History and Representation*. Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell.

POL-PG-E402: INTERNATIONAL POLITICAL ECONOMY

Unit I: International Political Economy

Definition and Approaches: Mercantilism; Marxian; Dependency; Institutionalism, Constructivism; Environmentalism - Green theory; Marxian.

Unit II: International Economic Institutions

WB; IMF; GATT to World Trade Organisation (WTO); Multilateral Economic Institutions (MEI) and Developing Countries.

Unit III: Political Economy of Regionalism: European Integration Process; North American Free Trade Area (NAFTA); Asia Pacific Economic Community (APEC); ASEAN.

Unit IV: State and Non State Actors in International Political Economy

Role of State as an Actor in International Political Economy; Transnational Corporations (TNCs); Non-Governmental Organisations (NGOs); Anti-Globalisation Protest Movements; Global Environmental Concerns.

Essential Readings

- Cohen, Benjamin J. (2008). *International Political Economy: An Intellectual History*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Garrett, Geoffrey. (1998). *Partisan Politics in the Global Economy*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

- Gilpin, Robert. (2001). *Global Political Economy: Understanding the International Economic Order*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Grieco, Joseph M. & Ikenberry, John, G. (2002). *State Power and World Markets: The International Political Economy*. London: W.W. Norton.
- O'Brien, Robert & Williams, Marc Williams. (2010). *The Global Political Economy: Evolution and Dynamics*. Basingstoke: Palgrave.
- Ravenhill, John (ed.) (2010). *Global Political Economy*. Oxford: Oxford University
- Scholte, Jan Aart. (2005). *Globalization: A Critical Introduction*. Basingstoke: Macmillan.
- Spero, Joan Edelman & Hart, Jeffrey A. (2006). *The Politics of International Economic Relations*. Belmont, CA: Wadsworth Publishing.
- Strange, Susan. (1993). *States and Markets: An Introduction to International Political Economy*. London: Pinter.
- Walter, Andrew & Sen, Gautam. (2008). *Analyzing the Global Political Economy*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.

POL-PG-E403: HUMAN RIGHTS: CONCEPTS AND ISSUES

Unit I: Concepts and Theories

Meaning of Rights; Evolution of Human Rights; Classification of Rights; Theories of Rights: Natural Rights theory, Liberal theory of Rights, Legal/ Positivist theory of Rights, Marxist theory of Rights; Evolution of the concept of Human Rights.

Unit II: Major Issues in Human Rights

Self Determination; Refugees and Displaced persons; Prisoners of Wars and Detention; Nation-State and Rights of Minorities; Torture.

Unit III: UN and Other Agencies on Human Rights

General Assembly; Security Council; International Court of Justice; Amnesty and Human Rights Watch; United Nations Human Rights Council.

Unit IV: Emerging Challenges

Surveillance; War on Terror; Anti-terror laws and mechanism; Suspect Communities.

Essential Readings

- Alston, P. (1995). *The United Nations and Human Rights- A Critical Appraisal*. Oxford: Clarendon.
- Cobban, A. (1969). *The Nation-State and National Self determination*. Leiden: Sijthoff.
- Evans, T. (2001). *The Politics of Human Rights: A Global Perspective*. London: Pluto Press.
- Freeman, M. (2002). *Human Rights: An Interdisciplinary Approach*. Oxford: Polity.
- Griffin, James. (2009). *On Human Rights*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Kalin and Kunzli. (2009). *The Law of International Human Rights Protection*. Clarendon: OUP
- Khanna, S.K. (1998). *Children and the Human Rights*. New Delhi: Commonwealth.
- Stacy, H.M. (2009). *Human Rights for the 21st Century: Sovereignty, Civil Society and Culture*. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
- Subramanian, S. (1997). *Human Rights: International Challenges*. Delhi: Manas.
- Wollstonecraft, Mary. (2014). *A Vindication on the Rights of Women*. Creatspace Independent publishing platform.

POL-PG-E404: DEMOCRATIC POLITICS IN INDIA: ISSUES, PROCESSES AND DYNAMICS

Unit I: State, Civil Society and Politics in India

Approaches to the study of Indian Politics: Historical, Institutional and Political Economy; State in India: Modern Nation State and Social Basis of Indian State; Civil Society and Political Society.

Unit II: Democratic Politics and Social Justice

Democracy and Elections; Political Process and the Dialects of Caste and Class; Democracy and Affirmative Action.

Unit III: Gender, Sexuality and Religion

Gender: Gender Issues and Women's Movement in Democracy; Sexuality: Debate on Sexuality; Religion: Secularism and Minorities.

Unit IV: National Identity: Ethno-Nationalism and State Responses

Linguistic and Ethnic Movements; Hindu Nationalism; Democracy and Violence: Extraordinary Laws and Civil Liberties.

Essential Readings

- Bhargava, Rajiv. (2000). *Secularism and Its Critics*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Chatterjee, Partha. (2004). *The Politics of the Governed: Reflections on Popular Politics in Most of the World*. Columbia: Columbia University Press.
- Chatterjee, Partha. (1997). *Nation and Its Fragments: Colonial and Post-Colonial Histories*. Princeton: Princeton University Press.
- Hasan, Zoya. (2011). *Politics of Inclusion: Caste, Minorities and Affirmative Action*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Hasan, Zoya. (ed.), (2002). *Parties and Party Politics in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Jayal, N. G. (2010). *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Kaviraj, Sudipta. (1999). *Politics in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Kothari, Rajni. (1970). *Politics in India*. New Delhi: Orient Longman.
- Mehta, P. M. (2003). *Burden on Democracy*. New Delhi: Penguin Publications.
- Sen, Amartya. (1999). *Development as Freedom*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

POL-PG-E405: GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN SIKKIM

Unit I: Politics and Society

Pre and Post-Merger settings; Geopolitics of diversity and state-making; Ethnicity and Ethnic Groups.

Unit II: Authoritarianism, Monarchy and Democracy

Authoritarianism; Typology of Authoritarianism; Democracy and Approaches to Democratic Transition; Political Development and Merger; Constitutional Amendment Act and Special Status under Article 371F.

Unit III: Electoral Systems and Parties

Electoral Systems and Electoral Laws; Constitutional democratisation and electoral system change; Political Party Evolution; Ethnicisation of Political Party; Leadership Pattern and Electoral Performance of Political Parties; Electoral Representation of Women.

Unit IV: Local Governance and Development

Local Government and Local Governance; Structure of Local Government; Composition and Functions; Customary Panchayat (Choddu, Dzumsa & Gaon Panchayat); Fiscal Autonomy versus Dependency; Women in Local Politics; Role of Panchayats in Rural Development; Governance and Sustainable Development in Sikkim.

Essential Readings

- Anderson, Lisa (1999). *Transition to Democracy*. New York: Columbia University Press.
- Basnet, L.B. (1974). *Sikkim: A Short Political History*. New Delhi: S Chand & Co.
- Chhetri, Durga P. (2012). *Decentralised Governance and Development*. New Delhi: Mittal.
- Das, B.S. (1983). *Sikkim Saga*. New Delhi: Vikas.
- Gurung, Suresh K (2011). *Sikkim: Ethnicity and Political Dynamics*. Delhi: Kunal.
- Gallagher, M. and Mitchell, P. (2005). *The Politics of Electoral Systems*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.
- Held, David (1986). *Models of Democracy*. Stanford: Stanford University Press.
- Mullard, Saul (2013). *Opening the Hidden Land: State Formation and the Construction of Sikkimese History*. Boston: Brill.
- Sinha, A.C. (2009). *Sikkim: Feudal and Democratic*. New Delhi: Indus.
- Yasin, M. and Chhetri, Durga P (2012). *Politics, Society and Development: Insights from Sikkim*. New Delhi: Kalpaz.

POL-PG-E406: SOCIAL AND POLITICAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA

Unit I: Social and Political Movements

Defining Social and Political movement; Components of movements; Typologies and Theories of Social movements.

Unit II: New Social Movement Paradigm

Socio-political background of its emergence; the Ideology and Goals, Tactics, Structure, and Participants; 'Old' and 'New' social movements: Basic differences; and some NSM theorists.

Unit III: Social Classes, Identity and Movements

Peasants and Workers; Adivasis and Dalits; Ethno-national movements.

Unit IV: Issues and Movements

Land; Environment; Corruption.

Essential Readings

Baruah, Sanjib. (2012). *Ethnonationalism in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Jayal, N. G. (2010). *The Oxford Companion to Politics in India*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Omvedt, Gail. (1993). *Reinventing Revolution: New Social Movements and the Socialist Tradition in India*. New York: M E Sharpe.

Oommen, T.K. (ed.), (2010). *Social Movements (Vol-I & II)*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Pai, S. (2013). *Dalit Assertion*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Rao, M.S.A. (1979). *Social Movements in India*. New Delhi: Manohar.

Ray, Raka & Katzenstein, M.F. (ed.) (2005). *Social Movements in India; Poverty, Power and Politics*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

Ritzer, G. (2003). *The Blackwell Companion to Major Contemporary Social Theorists*. USA: Blackwell.

Shah, G. (2002). *Social Movements and the State*. New Delhi: Sage.

Singh, R. (2001). *Social Movements: Old and New: A Post-Modernist Critique*. Delhi: Sage.
